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| <u>L1</u> | phytochrome regulated transcription | 3 | <u>L1</u> |

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:15:38 ON 20 JAN 2004)

FILE 'AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CAPLUS, CABA' ENTERED AT 12:16:04 ON 20 JAN 2004
L1 176 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON CCA1
L2 15638 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PHYTOCHROME

L3 47 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND L2
L4 20 DUP REM L3 (27 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
D 1-20 TI

FILE HOME

FILE AGRICOLA

FILE COVERS 1970 TO 15 Dec 2003 (20031215/ED)

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FILE RELOADED: 19 October 2003.

FILE CAPLUS

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ANSWER 8 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

2002:338597 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: PREV200200338597 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Phytochrome regulated transcription factor for TITLE:

control of higher plant development.

Tobin, Elaine M. [Inventor, Reprint author]; Sun, Lin AUTHOR (S):

[Inventor]; Wang, Zhi-yong [Inventor]

Los Angeles, CA, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

ASSIGNEE: The Regents of the University of California

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6388172 May 14, 2002

Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark SOURCE:

> Office Patents, (May 14, 2002) Vol. 1258, No. 2. http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html. e-file.

CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 12 Jun 2002 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 12 Jun 2002

The present invention involves the isolation and characterization of the first discovered phytochrome-regulated transcriptional factor, a protein designated CCA1 which binds to the promoter region of the chlorophyll binding protein gene (Lhcb1*3) of Arabidopsis. Lhcb1*3 gene of Arabidopsis is known to be regulated by phytochrome in etiolated seedlings where a brief illumination by red light results in a large increase in the level of mRNA from this gene. A DNA binding activity, designated CA-1, that interacts with the promoter region of Lhcb1*3 was previously discovered in cellular extracts. This binding activity was used to obtain a cDNA clone for a transcription factor that binds specifically to the Lhcb1*3 promoter. Modification of the expression of CCA1 using techniques of genetic engineering results in unexpected changes in the timing of plant flowering. CCA1 is overexpressed, it appears that the normal circadian rhythms of the plant are disrupted. The plants take a significantly longer time to reach flowering even in the presence of day length

conditions that normally induce flowering. Thus, a method of extending

ANSWER 12 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:852605 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:244509

Phytochrome and circadian clock regulation TITLE: of the ccal and lhcb genes in Arabidopsis

vegetative growth and delaying flowering is provided.

AUTHOR (S): Ong, May Santiago

Univ. of California, Los Angeles, CA, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

(2000) 225 pp. Avail.: UMI, Order No. DA9999008 SOURCE:

From: Diss. Abstr. Int., B 2001, 61(12), 6340

DOCUMENT TYPE: Dissertation

English LANGUAGE:

AB Unavailable

ANSWER 16 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

2003:131724 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: PREV200300131724 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: CCA1 is a transcription factor associated with

circadian rhythms.

AUTHOR (S): Tobin, Elaine M. [Reprint Author]; Andronis, Christos

> [Reprint Author]; Green, Rachel M. [Reprint Author]; Ong, May S. [Reprint Author]; Sugano, Shoji [Reprint Author] Department of Molecular, Cell and Developmental Biology,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

U.C.L.A., Los Angeles, CA, USA

etobin@ucla.edu

Plant Biology (Rockville), (1999) Vol. 1999, pp. 23. print. SOURCE:



Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the American Society of Plant Physiologists. Baltimore, Maryland, USA. July 24-28, 1999. American Society of Plant Physiologists (ASPP).

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 12 Mar 2003

Last Updated on STN: 12 Mar 2003

ANSWER 19 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN L4

DUPLICATE 10

1998:347266 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: PREV199800347266 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

Constitutive expression of the CIRCADIAN CLOCK ASSOCIATED 1

(CCA1) gene disrupts circadian rhythms and

suppresses its own expression.

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Wang, Zhi-Yong; Tobin, Elaine M. [Reprint author] Dep. Mol. Cell Dev. Biol., UCLA, Los Angeles, CA

90095-1606, USA

SOURCE:

Cell, (June 26, 1998) Vol. 93, No. 7, pp. 1207-1217. print.

CODEN: CELLB5. ISSN: 0092-8674.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Article English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 13 Aug 1998

Last Updated on STN: 13 Aug 1998

The CIRCADIAN CLOCK ASSOCIATED 1 (CCA1) gene encodes a AB MYB-related transcription factor involved in the phytochrome induction of a light-harvesting chlorophyll a/b-protein (Lhcb) gene. Expression of the CCA1 gene is transiently induced by phytochrome and oscillates with a circadian rhythm. Constitutive expression of CCA1 protein in transgenic plants abolished the circadian rhythm of several genes with dramatically different phases. These plants also had longer hypocotyls and delayed flowering,

developmental processes regulated by light and the circadian clock. Furthermore, the expression of both endogenous CCA1 and the related LHY gene was suppressed. Our results suggest that CCA1 is a part of a feedback loop that is closely associated with the circadian

clock in Arabidopsis.

ANSWER 20 OF 20 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National L4Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

(2004) on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

DUPLICATE 11

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

IND20592419

TITLE:

A Myb-related transcription factor is involved in the

phytochrome regulation of an Arabidopsis Lhcb

gene.

AUTHOR (S):

Wang, Z.Y.; Kenigsbuch, D.; Sun, L.; Harel, E.; Ong,

M.S.; Tobin, E.M.

97:68154 AGRICOLA

CORPORATE SOURCE:

University of California, Los Angeles, CA.

AVAILABILITY:

DNAL (QK725.P532)

SOURCE:

The Plant cell, Apr 1997. Vol. 9, No. 4. p. 491-507 Publisher: [Rockville, MD : American Society of Plant

Physiologists, c1989-

CODEN: PLCEEW; ISSN: 1040-4651

NOTE:

Includes references

PUB. COUNTRY:

Maryland; United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article

FILE SEGMENT: U.S. Imprints not USDA, Experiment or Extension

LANGUAGE: English

AB We have isolated the gene for a protein designated CCA1. This protein can bind to a region of the promoter of an Arabidopsis

light-harvesting chlorophyll a/b protein gene, Lhcb1*3, which is necessary



for its regulation by phytochrome. The CCA1 protein interacted with two imperfect repeats in the Lhcb1*3 promoter, AA(A/C)AATCT, a sequence that is conserved in Lhcb genes. A region near the N terminus of CCA1, which has some homology to the repeated sequence found in the DNA binding domain of Myb proteins, is required for binding to the Lhcb1*3 promoter. Lines of transgenic Arabidopsis plants expressing antisense RNA for CCA1 showed reduced phytochrome induction of the endogenous Lhcb1*3 gene, whereas expression of another phytochrome-regulated gene, rbcS-1A, which encodes the small subunit of ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase, was not affected. Thus, the CCA1 protein acts as a specific activator of Lhcb1*3 transcription in response to brief red illumination. The expression of CCA1 RNA was itself transiently increased when etiolated seedlings were transferred to light. We conclude that the CCA1 protein is a key element in the functioning of the phytochrome signal transduction pathway leading to increased transcription of this Lhcb gene in Arabidopsis.